

On the Spectrum of the Oxy-Hydrogen Flame

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II. *On the Spectrum of the Oxy-hydrogen Flame.*

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[PLATES 1-4.]

IN 1880 we described, simultaneously with Dr. HUGGINS, a series of lines forming the strongest part of the spectrum of water, and again, in 1882, a second, less strong and more refrangible series, forming a second section of the same spectrum. Subsequently, M. DESLANDRES discovered a third still weaker and more refrangible series, beginning at a wave-length 2610·3. We find, however, that the spectrum does not end there, but extends both on the more refrangible and on the less refrangible sides to a considerable distance. By employing a large spectroscope with a single calcite prism and a long exposure we have obtained photographs of the spectrum of the oxy-hydrogen flame, showing closely set lines from wave-length 2268 to 4100, with traces of lines beyond those limits. The whole spectrum appears to consist of a succession of rhythmical series of lines, the lines of each rhythmical series being stronger and more closely set at the more refrangible end of the series and becoming weaker and wider apart towards the less refrangible end. The strongest of these series are those first described, those on either side of them becoming fainter as they are more remote, until the highest series gave us a measurable photograph only after an exposure of five hours. In most cases two series begin near together and overlap one another, producing a complication which cannot easily be unravelled, and the overlapping appears in some cases to extend to more than two series.

M. DESLANDRES states ('Comptes Rendus,' vol. 100, p. 854,) that the first band of the water spectrum (*i.e.*, the group beginning at a wave-length about 3063) includes a series of rays which reproduce, line for line, at the same distances and with the same relative intensities, the band A of the solar spectrum ; and that the second band (*i.e.*, the group beginning at a wave-length about 2811) includes a series corresponding to B, and that in the third α may be found to be reproduced. He does not state at what wave-lengths in these bands we are to look for the more refrangible

edges of A, B, and α respectively ; and we have not been able to make out such an exact correspondence between the lines of the water spectrum and those of A, B, and α as M. DESLANDRES' words seem to imply. Nevertheless, the similarity of the grouping is very remarkable, as may be seen from the accompanying map, on which are given the lines of A, on a scale slightly reduced from Professor PIAZZI SMYTH's solar spectrum, side by side with the lines of the water spectrum. The correspondence of B and of α to certain lines of the higher groups is less striking. We have no doubt that the peculiar arrangement of the lines, commencing at the more refrangible end with some closely set lines and continued in a series of doublets, is in all these cases the result of a general law.

The tables of wave-lengths which follow were obtained by measuring the distances of the lines from those of iron photographed on the same plate through a part of the slit. The whole of the lines previously measured have been re-measured, and the numbers assigned as their wave-lengths corrected by reference to more recent measurements of the iron lines. The scale is, however, that of ÅNGSTRÖM. On account of the faintness of the rays at the two extremities of the spectrum a wide slit had to be employed, as well as a lengthened exposure in photographing them, consequently the photographed lines are broad and somewhat ill-defined, and groups of closely set lines could not be resolved. The wave-lengths in the first and last tables are therefore liable to greater errors than those in the intervening tables. Moreover, in these parts, the spectrum is so weak that the strongest line is less intense than the weakest lines of the region about $\lambda 3100$, and it has been found necessary to adopt a different scale of intensities for different sections.

It is, perhaps, worth remarking that there is a broad diffuse line, the strongest of the lines in that region, coincident with K of the solar spectrum. There is no line coincident with H.

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TABLES of wave-lengths, and inverse wave-lengths, of the lines in the spectrum of the oxy-hydrogen flame. The numbers prefixed represent the intensities 1 to 6, No. 1 being the most intense. Diffuse lines are noted with a *d*.

I.

Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$
6	2268·0	44,092	6	2374·9	42,107	6	2412·1	41,459
6	2272·2	44,010	6	2375·5	42,096	6 <i>d</i>	2412·6	41,450
6	2283·6	43,791	6	2376·6	42,077	6	2414·3	41,420
6	2297·0	43,535	6	2378·6	42,042	6	2414·8	41,411
6	2300·8	43,463	6	2379·6	42,024	5	2416·2	41,387
6	2307·5	43,337	6	2381·9	41,983	6	2418·0	41,356
6	2310·1	43,288	6	2383·0	41,964	6	2419·8	41,326
6	2316·2	43,174	5	2384·3	41,941	6	2421·6	41,295
5	2323·8	43,033	4	2385·7	41,916	6	2422·4	41,281
6 <i>d</i>	2331·1	42,898	5	2387·0	41,894	4	2425·7	41,225
6 <i>d</i>	2332·2	42,878	6	2390·6	41,831	6	2427·0	41,203
5	2337·5	42,781	6	2391·6	41,813	5	2428·1	41,184
6	2342·1	42,697	6	2393·5	41,780	5	2429·7	41,157
6	2345·6	42,633	6	2394·8	41,757	6 <i>d</i>	2431·2	41,132
6	2347·5	42,599	6	2396·3	41,731	6 <i>d</i>	2431·8	41,122
6	2351·6	42,524	6	2398·0	41,702	6	2433·3	41,096
6	2354·1	42,479	6	2398·6	41,691	6 <i>d</i>	2433·9	41,086
5	2355·5	42,454	5	2399·4	41,677	6	2435·9	41,053
6	2356·6	42,434	5	2402·4	41,625	6	2437·2	41,031
6	2357·7	42,414	6	2403·2	41,611	5	2438·7	41,005
6	2360·6	42,362	6	2404·2	41,595	5	2440·3	40,979
6	2365·1	42,282	6	2405·4	41,574	6	2441·6	40,957
6	2366·1	42,264	6	2406·6	41,553	6	2443·2	40,930
6	2368·6	42,219	6	2407·6	41,536	6	2445·4	40,893
6	2371·2	42,173	5	2409·0	41,511	6	2446·5	40,875
6	2372·8	42,144	6	2410·1	41,492	6	2448·4	40,843
6	2373·6	42,130						

II.

The average intensities of the lines in this section are greater than those of the lines in the preceding section, so that a line marked No. 6 in the following table is generally quite as intense as one marked No. 4 in the preceding table.

Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$
4	2449·3	40,828	5d	2496·3	40,059	6	2542·7	39,328
5	2450·9	40,801	5	2498·0	40,032	6	2545·6	39,283
6	2452·2	40,780	6	2499·8	40,003	4	2547·7	39,251
6	2453·3	40,761	5	2501·4	39,978	4d	2550·3	39,211
5	2454·7	40,738	5	2503·1	39,950	3	2553·4	39,163
4	2456·0	40,717	6	2503·7	39,941	4	2556·4	39,118
5	2457·7	40,688	6	2504·0	39,936	3	2559·6	39,069
6	2459·2	40,664	6	2504·4	39,930	5	2562·6	39,023
6	2460·0	40,650	6	2505·2	39,917	6	2565·6	38,977
6	2461·7	40,622	6	2505·6	39,911	5	2567·0	38,956
4d	2462·8	40,604	6	2506·8	39,892	5	2569·1	38,924
6	2464·5	40,576	6	2508·1	39,871	6	2570·4	38,904
6	2465·9	40,553	6	2509·1	39,855	6	2572·9	38,867
6	2467·1	40,533	6	2509·8	39,844	6	2573·4	38,859
5	2469·6	40,492	6	2510·5	39,833	6	2574·5	38,842
4	2471·9	40,455	6	2511·1	39,823	6	2576·7	38,809
6	2474·5	40,412	6	2513·1	39,791	6	2578·3	38,785
6	2477·6	40,362	6	2515·1	39,760	6	2580·9	38,746
6	2479·3	40,334	5	2517·5	39,722	6	2582·1	38,728
6	2480·7	40,311	5	2519·8	39,686	6	2582·8	38,718
5	2482·6	40,280	5	2521·7	39,656	5	2584·4	38,694
6	2483·7	40,263	5	2524·2	39,617	6	2587·1	38,653
6	2484·9	40,243	6	2529·2	39,538	5	2589·1	38,623
6	2485·8	40,229	4	2530·2	39,523	6	2591·3	38,591
5	2487·2	40,206	6	2531·4	39,504	6	2592·8	38,568
5	2489·3	40,172	5	2534·1	39,462	6	2594·6	38,542
4	2491·1	40,143	3	2536·6	39,423	6	2596·4	38,515
6	2492·3	40,124	5	2537·7	39,406	6	2598·6	38,482
6	2493·8	40,099	6	2538·9	39,387	6	2600·9	38,448
6	2495·6	40,071	6	2540·2	39,367	6	2603·2	38,414
						6	2605·2	38,385

III.

The average intensities of the lines in this section is a good deal greater than that of the lines in the preceding section, so that intensity No. 6 in this table would include lines of intensity No. 4 in the preceding section.

Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$
3	2608·4	38,338	4	2673·2	37,409	6	2734·3	36,572
6	2608·9	38,331	6	2675·8	37,373	5	2735·5	36,557
6	2609·7	38,319	3	2677·3	37,352	4	2737·8	36,526
5	2611·0	38,300	6	2678·2	37,339	4	2740·2	36,494
6	2612·6	38,277	6	2679·0	37,327	6	2742·7	36,460
4d	2613·5	38,264	4	2680·9	37,302	4	2745·9	36,418
4	2614·6	38,247	6	2681·8	37,288	4	2748·3	36,387
6	2615·6	38,232	Band	2683·0	37,272	5	2751·0	36,351
5	2616·5	38,219		2683·7	37,263	5	2753·1	36,323
6	2617·0	38,212	6	2684·8	37,247	6	2754·7	36,302
5	2617·7	38,201	5	2685·5	37,238	4	2757·0	36,271
6	2618·1	38,196	6	2686·5	37,224	6	2759·0	36,246
4	2618·9	38,184	6	2687·2	37,213	4d	2759·8	36,235
5	2620·6	38,159	5	2687·7	37,207	4	2761·4	36,214
5	2621·4	38,148	4	2688·9	37,191	6	2762·6	36,198
6	2622·2	38,136	5	2690·6	37,167	4	2764·1	36,178
6	2622·8	38,128	5	2691·7	37,152	5	2766·3	36,150
6	2623·3	38,120	6	2692·5	37,140	6	2767·3	36,137
3d	2624·3	38,105	6	2693·2	37,131	6	2768·2	36,125
5	2625·9	38,083	5	2693·8	37,123	6	2769·1	36,113
6	2627·2	38,063	5	2695·4	37,101	6	2770·0	36,101
5	2627·7	38,057	6	2696·1	37,091	6	2770·9	36,090
5	2628·3	38,047	6d	2697·8	37,067	6	2772·3	36,071
2d	2631·3	38,004	4	2698·8	37,054	6	2773·8	36,052
5	2632·4	37,988	6	2699·7	37,041	5	2774·9	36,037
6	2633·4	37,974	3	2701·6	37,016	5	2776·1	36,022
5	2634·8	37,954	6	2704·3	36,979	6	2777·4	36,005
4	2635·7	37,941	5	2705·2	36,966	6	2778·6	35,989
6	2636·9	37,924	5	2706·2	36,952	5	2779·2	35,982
4	2638·5	37,900	6	2707·2	36,939	6	2780·7	35,962
3	2640·5	37,872	4	2709·6	36,907	4	2783·2	35,930
6	2642·2	37,847	6	2710·6	36,893	6	2784·8	35,909
5	2643·1	37,834	4	2711·6	36,879	4	2786·5	35,887
6	2644·2	37,819	6	2713·6	36,851	6	2787·7	35,872
3	2645·7	37,797	4	2714·5	36,839	6	2788·3	35,864
3	2648·2	37,762	5	2715·8	36,822	6	2789·1	35,854
6	2650·7	37,726	4	2717·2	36,803	6	2789·8	35,845
3	2651·3	37,717	6	2718·2	36,789	5	2790·5	35,836
6	2652·6	37,699	4	2719·8	36,767	6	2791·7	35,820
5	2653·7	37,684	5	2721·6	36,743	5	2793·8	35,794
6	2654·3	37,675	4	2723·5	36,717	6	2795·7	35,769
2	2657·4	37,631	5	2724·8	36,701	5	2796·9	35,754
4	2659·7	37,598	5	2726·1	36,682	6	2797·6	35,745
5	2660·9	37,581	5	2728·2	36,655	3	2799·8	35,717
3	2663·9	37,539	6	2729·9	36,631	5	2802·9	35,677
5	2666·6	37,501	4	2730·6	36,623	6	2804·2	35,661
5	2668·1	37,480	4	2732·1	36,602	6	2805·4	35,646
2	2671·1	37,438	5	2733·0	36,590	5	2806·8	35,628

IV.

The lines of this section are generally much more intense than those of the preceding section, so that intensity No. 6 of this section may include lines which would be marked as of intensity 4, according to the scale employed in the preceding section.

Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$
3	2811·2	35,572	3	2857·6	34,994	5	2918·2	34,268
6	2811·3	35,571	3	2859·4	34,972	2d	2918·5	34,264
6	2811·7	35,566	3	2860·3	34,961	4	2919·8	34,249
6	2812·1	35,561	3	2861·7	34,956	4	2921·5	34,229
6	2812·4	35,557	3	2863·3	34,925	5	2923·8	34,202
4d	2813·5	35,543	6	2865·5	34,898	4	2924·4	34,195
5	2814·9	35,525	3	2866·0	34,892	4	2924·8	34,190
4	2815·6	35,516	3	2868·3	34,864	4	2926·3	34,173
4	2816·1	35,510	3	2869·5	34,849	5	2927·1	34,164
3	2817·1	35,498	3	2871·5	34,825	5	2927·6	34,158
6	2818·2	35,484	3	2871·9	34,820	4	2929·9	34,131
4	2818·7	35,477	2d	2875·0	34,783	4	2931·0	34,118
6	2819·3	35,470	3d	2875·8	34,773	3d	2933·5	34,089
3	2820·1	35,460	2d	2878·3	34,743	5	2935·2	34,069
6	2820·7	35,452	5d	2880·3	34,719	6	2936·5	34,054
6	2821·2	35,446	6	2881·1	34,709	4	2937·2	34,046
3	2821·8	35,438	6	2881·8	34,701	3	2937·8	34,039
4	2822·3	35,432	4	2882·5	34,692	6	2938·5	34,031
6	2824·0	35,411	6	2884·2	34,672	4	2940·3	34,010
3	2824·8	35,401	3	2885·3	34,658	4	2940·6	34,007
4d	2825·2	35,396	6	2886·1	34,649	5	2944·2	33,965
3	2826·3	35,382	6	2886·3	34,646	3	2945·2	33,954
6d	2828·3	35,357	4	2887·5	34,632	6	2946·5	33,939
2	2828·7	35,352	6	2888·5	34,620	4d	2947·5	33,927
6	2829·2	35,346	6	2889·2	34,612	5	2948·5	33,916
4d	2829·8	35,338	3	2889·8	34,604	6	2950·1	33,897
4	2831·1	35,322	3	2890·2	34,600	6	2950·7	33,890
3	2831·7	35,314	5	2890·8	34,593	6	2951·2	33,885
4	2833·3	35,295	1	2892·9	34,567	6	2951·7	33,879
4	2834·0	35,286	5	2893·5	34,560	6	2952·5	33,870
3	2835·0	35,273	6	2894·2	34,552	6	2953·2	33,862
3	2835·8	35,263	4	2896·1	34,529	6d	2954·5	33,847
5	2836·7	35,252	6?	2897·1	34,517	6	2955·5	33,835
1	2838·8	35,226	4	2897·6	34,511	6	2956·3	33,826
4	2840·1	35,210	4	2898·1	34,505	5	2957·1	33,817
6	2841·0	35,199	6	2898·8	34,497	6	2958·9	33,796
3	2842·2	35,184	4	2899·5	34,489	3	2960·0	33,784
3	2842·7	35,177	3	2900·2	34,480	6	2962·1	33,760
6?	2843·1	35,173	4	2900·9	34,472	5	2962·9	33,751
2	2844·4	35,157	6	2902·5	34,453	4	2965·5	33,721
6?	2845·4	35,144	1	2903·7	34,439	6	2966·5	33,710
3	2846·3	35,133	6	2906·0	34,412	6	2967·1	33,703
3	2847·4	35,120	5	2906·6	34,404	6	2968·0	33,693
3	2848·8	35,103	3	2907·3	34,396	6	2968·5	33,687
3	2849·5	35,094	3	2908·3	34,384	6	2970·0	33,670
3	2850·3	35,059	3	2909·4	34,371	5	2970·7	33,662
6	2850·7	35,079	3	2911·4	34,348	6	2971·1	33,658
2	2852·2	35,085	3	2912·9	34,330	6	2972·2	33,645
3	2853·9	35,040	5	2913·5	34,323	6	2973·9	33,626
3	2854·9	35,028	4	2915·7	34,297	3d	2975·1	33,612
3	2855·4	35,021	3	2916·3	34,290	3d	2977·8	33,582

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Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$
3d	2979·4	33,564	4	2997·8	33,358	6	3022·5	33,085
3d	2980·2	33,555	6	2998·7	33,348	6	3023·4	33,075
6	2982·2	33,532	4	3001·9	33,312	6	3025·2	33,056
6	2982·9	33,524	6	3005·0	33,278	6	3027·6	33,029
6d	2983·8	33,514	6	3005·6	33,271	6	3030·3	33,000
6	2985·7	33,493	6	3008·2	33,242	5	3033·1	32,970
6	2987·2	33,476	6	3008·8	33,236	5	3036·4	32,934
5	2988·5	33,462	6	3012·9	33,191	4	3039·9	32,896
6	2990·5	33,439	6	3016·6	33,150	4	3043·9	32,853
5	2991·7	33,426	6	3020·9	33,103	3	3048·3	32,805
6	2992·9	33,412	6	3021·4	33,097	3	3052·7	32,758
6	2994·8	33,391	6	3022·0	33,091	4	3057·4	32,708
4	2996·6	33,371						

V.

This section is the strongest part of the spectrum of the oxy-hydrogen flame. Lines marked as of intensity 4, on the scale of Table IV., would for the most part be marked as of intensity 6 on the scale of this table.

Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$
2	3063·3	32,645	2d	3105·3	32,203	6	3148·0	31,766
4	3063·9	32,638	5	3106·0	32,196	3	3149·5	31,751
3	3064·6	32,631	3	3107·0	32,185	3	3150·6	31,740
4	3065·5	32,621	3	3108·8	32,167	4	3151·7	31,729
2d	3067·2	32,603	3	3109·7	32,157	6	3152·7	31,719
6d	3068·2	32,592	1	3111·5	32,139	2	3154·0	31,706
3	3070·0	32,573	3	3112·8	32,125	6	3156·4	31,682
2	3071·5	32,557	3	3114·3	32,110	6	3157·3	31,673
6	3072·6	32,546	4	3116·6	32,086	4	3158·0	31,666
5	3073·8	32,533	2	3117·4	32,078	5	3160·3	31,643
5	3074·4	32,527	4	3119·2	32,060	4	3161·5	31,631
5	3076·6	32,503	6	3121·3	32,038	6	3162·8	31,618
3	3077·9	32,490	2	3122·2	32,029	5d	3163·9	31,607
2	3079·3	32,475	3	3123·5	32,015	5	3166·0	31,586
2	3081·0	32,457	4	3124·5	32,005	2d	3169·1	31,555
3	3082·6	32,440	6	3126·0	31,990	6	3172·8	31,518
3	3084·6	32,419	6	3127·3	31,976	3	3174·0	31,506
5	3085·8	32,407	3	3127·8	31,971	6	3174·6	31,500
3	3086·7	32,397	2	3129·9	31,950	5	3177·2	31,474
1	3089·3	32,370	6	3130·8	31,941	6	3179·6	31,451
3	3089·8	32,365	5	3132·6	31,922	6	3181·0	31,437
2	3090·6	32,356	2	3133·7	31,911	4	3182·6	31,421
2d	3092·0	32,342	2	3136·3	31,885	3	3185·6	31,391
3	3094·2	32,319	6	3137·4	31,874	6	3187·6	31,372
3	3094·8	32,312	5	3138·7	31,860	5	3191·3	31,335
3	3095·8	32,302	6	3139·4	31,853	6	3191·9	31,329
3	3096·3	32,297	3	3140·3	31,844	4	3194·5	31,304
3	3098·3	32,276	6	3141·5	31,832	5	3198·7	31,263
2	3099·0	32,268	6	3142·5	31,822	5	3200·4	31,246
5	3100·6	32,252	3	3143·5	31,812	5	3201·9	31,231
2	3101·6	32,241	6	3145·1	31,795	5	3203·5	31,216
3	3102·7	32,230	2d	3146·9	31,777			

VI.

The lines of this section are weaker than those of the preceding section, so that in the scale of intensity of this table, No. 4 is not stronger than No. 6 of the preceding table.

Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$
4d	3205·7	31,194	2	3295·5	30,344	4	3435·4	29,109
6	3208·1	31,171	6	3298·7	30,315	4	3437·4	29,092
6	3209·7	31,156	6	3304·2	30,265	4	3439·7	29,072
6	3212·0	31,133	4d	3304·9	30,258	4	3442·3	29,050
3	3213·1	31,123	4	3307·5	30,234	4	3444·7	29,030
6	3214·4	31,110	6	3308·9	30,222	5	3447·6	29,006
6	3215·9	31,095	6	3210·5	30,207	6	3450·1	28,985
4	3217·5	31,080	5	3311·4	30,199	5	3451·0	28,977
4	3220·0	31,056	5	3314·8	30,168	6	3455·4	28,940
4	3221·0	31,046	4d	3318·0	30,139	5	3458·2	28,917
4	3222·8	31,029	6	3319·6	30,124	5	3459·5	28,906
4	3224·6	31,012	5	3321·8	30,104	5	3461·0	28,893
4	3225·9	30,999	6	3323·0	30,093	5	3462·6	28,880
5	3229·3	30,966	4	3325·4	30,072	5	3464·2	28,867
6	3230·3	30,957	5	3329·1	30,038	4	3465·9	28,853
6	3230·9	30,951	3d	3332·5	30,008	4	3467·7	28,838
4	3233·2	30,929	5	3335·9	29,977	5	3469·6	28,822
4	3234·6	30,916	6	3337·2	29,965	2	3471·9	28,803
4	3237·9	30,884	6	3344·2	29,903	5	3474·1	28,784
4	3240·6	30,858	6	3346·2	29,885	6	3475·5	28,773
6	3242·3	30,842	6	3347·3	29,875	4	3476·9	28,761
2	3243·7	30,829	6	3349·1	29,859	5	3479·1	28,743
6	3248·4	30,784	6	3352·3	29,830	6	3481·4	28,724
6	3249·8	30,771	6	3353·7	29,818	6	3482·9	28,712
6	3250·5	30,765	5	3355·9	29,798	4	3483·9	28,703
4	3252·0	30,750	5	3359·7	29,765	5	3486·2	28,685
4	3253·2	30,739	6	3362·2	29,742	6	3488·0	28,670
4	3254·8	30,724	6	3368·8	29,684	4	3489·5	28,657
4	3256·4	30,709	6	3370·1	29,673	6	3492·3	28,634
6	3258·4	30,690	6	3371·7	29,659	6	3493·3	28,626
6	3260·7	30,668	6	3373·2	29,645	6	3495·8	28,606
6	3262·5	30,651	6	3375·4	29,626	4	3497·2	28,594
2	3263·6	30,641	6	3377·6	29,607	4	3502·1	28,554
2	3266·4	30,615	6	3380·2	29,584	5	3507·6	28,510
2	3268·5	30,595	5	3383·3	29,557	6	3509·9	28,483
6	3270·0	30,581	6	3384·7	29,545	6	3511·6	28,477
6	3271·4	30,568	5	3386·2	29,532	5	3513·3	28,463
4d	3273·7	30,546	5	3390·3	29,496	6	3515·2	28,448
4	3275·5	30,530	5	3394·5	29,459	5	3517·2	28,432
4	3276·3	30,522	5	3399·1	29,420	6	3519·0	28,417
4d	3278·3	30,504	5	3404·2	29,375	6	3523·1	28,384
6	3279·2	30,495	5	3409·7	29,328	5	3524·1	28,376
6	3281·2	30,477	6	3412·8	29,301	6	3525·6	28,364
6	3282·9	30,461	5	3415·4	29,279	5	3527·3	28,350
6	3284·3	30,448	6	3418·3	29,254	5	3530·0	28,329
6	3285·7	30,435	6	3421·5	29,227	6	3531·8	28,314
5	3286·9	30,424	3d	3427·7	29,174	6	3533·6	28,300
5	3289·9	30,396	6	3428·5	29,167	6	3534·7	28,291
5	3290·7	30,389	3	3431·8	29,139	6	3536·7	28,275
6	3291·8	30,379	5	3433·5	29,125	5	3538·2	28,263
6	3293·0	30,367						

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Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$
5	3540·7	28,243	5	3577·3	27,954	4	3627·6	27,566
6	3542·4	28,229	6	3578·7	27,943	6	3631·6	27,536
6	3544·9	28,210	5	3584·3	27,899	4	3637·4	27,492
5	3547·7	28,187	5	3592·0	27,840	6	3645·3	27,433
4d	3552·3	28,151	5	3600·4	27,775	4	3647·7	27,415
5	3557·8	28,107	6	3605·0	27,739	6	3651·1	27,389
6	3559·3	28,095	5	3609·0	27,709	5	3653·1	27,374
5	3564·2	28,057	4	3618·1	27,639	4	3659·1	27,329
5	3570·4	28,008	6	3625·3	27,584	6	3668·2	27,261
						4	3669·8	27,249

VII.

The lines in this section are less intense than in the preceding section, and a line of intensity 4 on the scale of this table would be included in intensity 6 of the scale of the preceding table (VI.).

Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	Intensity.	λ	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$
6	3673·3	27,223	4d	3779·0	26,462	6	3942·2	25,367
6	3674·6	27,214	6	3786·8	26,408	5	3947·1	25,335
6	3676·4	27,201	6	3789·6	26,388	5	3952·6	25,300
6	3678·2	27,187	6	3792·0	26,371	6	3960·1	25,252
6	3678·8	27,183	6	3794·0	26,357	6	3963·5	25,230
6	3681·5	27,163	4d	3799·7	26,318	6	3966·4	25,212
6	3681·9	27,160	6	3806·9	26,268	5	3973·8	25,165
6	3683·8	27,146	5	3811·1	26,239	5	3981·1	25,119
6	3684·7	27,139	5	3815·2	26,211	6	3990·3	25,061
6	3686·9	27,123	5	3821·7	26,166	5	3996·9	25,019
6	3688·0	27,115	5	3823·4	26,155	6	4006·7	24,958
6	3691·3	27,091	5	3828·4	26,121	6	4008·5	24,947
4d	3694·6	27,067	5	3832·5	26,093	5	4019·9	24,876
6	3700·1	27,026	6	3834·4	26,080	5	4026·0	24,839
6	3704·7	26,993	6	3841·1	26,034	5	4036·8	24,772
6	3707·0	26,976	5	3846·3	25,999	5	4049·7	24,693
5	3710·3	26,952	6	3850·8	25,969	6	4061·7	24,620
6	3716·5	26,907	5d	3852·0	25,961	6	4065·3	24,598
6	3719·7	26,884	6	3855·5	25,937	6	4073·1	24,551
5	3722·9	26,861	5	3859·1	25,913	6	4075·6	24,536
5	3729·3	26,815	6	3864·8	25,875	6	4094·2	24,425
5	3734·1	26,780	6	3868·2	25,852	5	4098·5	24,399
5	3736·7	26,762	5	3873·2	25,818	5	4099·1	24,396
5	3741·5	26,727	5	3879·0	25,780	6	4104·4	24,364
6	3743·7	26,712	5	3883·9	25,747	6	4128·2	24,224
6	3745·1	26,702	6	3885·7	25,735	6	4143·0	24,137
5	3747·9	26,682	5	3886·6	25,729	6	4150·2	24,095
5	3751·0	26,660	5d	3893·0	25,687	6	4157·4	24,053
5	3753·0	26,645	5d	3900·6	25,637	6	4175·5	23,949
6	3756·5	26,621	5	3907·5	25,592	6	4182·0	23,912
5	3760·3	26,594	5	3915·5	25,540	5	4193·7	23,845
6	3761·7	26,584	5	3923·5	25,487	6	4228·4	23,650
4d	3769·5	26,529	5d	3933·2	25,425	6	4235·9	23,608
5	3774·8	26,491	6	3940·7	25,376	5d	4265·0	23,447

An inspection of the map shows in several places an arrangement of the lines which suggests an harmonic relation of some sort between them: groups of lines where the successive lines are set at gradually increasing distances and have a gradually diminishing intensity. Such a group may be seen between the wave-lengths 3431·8 and 3450·7, another beginning at λ 3368·8.

In many cases we find that the distances between the lines of the group are in arithmetic progression, so that the wave-lengths of the group may be represented by a general formula $an^2 + bn + c$, the different lines of the group being deduced from this expression by giving n successive integral values.

Taking the series of strong lines of the spectrum between λ 3669·8 and λ 3547·7, we find the second differences of wave-length approximately constant, and equal to 0·443. Comparing then the observed wave-lengths with a series calculated to have their differences in arithmetic progression with a common difference, 0·443, we find—

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3669·8	3669·7	+ ·1
3659·1	3658·5	+ ·6
3647·7	3647·7	0
3637·4	3637·3	+ ·1
3627·6	3627·4	+ ·2
3618·1	3617·9	+ ·2
3609·0	3608·9	+ ·1
3600·4	3600·3	+ ·1
3592·0	3592·2	- ·2
3584·3	3584·5	- ·2
3577·3	3577·2	+ ·1
3570·4	3570·4	0
3564·2	3564·0	+ ·2
3557·8	3558·1	- ·3
3552·3	3552·6	- ·3
3547·7	3547·6	+ ·1

In many other groups a similar relation between the wave-lengths may be observed.

GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to ·3.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3544·9	3544·8	+ ·1
3540·7	3540·7	0
3536·7	3536·9	- ·2
3533·6	3533·4	+ ·2
3530·0	3530·2	- ·2
3527·3	3527·3	0

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GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to .133.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3524·1	3524·1	0
.	3521·7	.
3519·0	3519·4	- ·4
3517·2	3517·2	0
3515·2	3515·2	0
3513·3	3513·3	0
3511·6	3511·5	+ ·1
3509·9	3509·8	+ ·1

GROUP with second differences equal to .76.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3507·6	3507·5	+ ·1
3502·1	3502·0	+ ·1
3497·2	3497·3	- ·1
3493·3	3493·3	0
3489·5	3490·1	- ·6
3488·0	3487·7	+ ·3
3486·2	3486·0	+ ·2

GROUP with second differences equal to .923. The first line may not belong to the group.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3497·2	3497·9	- ·7
.	3494·9	.
3492·3	3492·0	+ ·3
3489·5	3489·2	+ ·3
3486·2	3486·5	- ·3
3483·9	3483·9	0
3481·4	3481·4	0
3479·1	3478·9	+ ·2
3476·8	3476·5	+ ·3
3474·0	3474·2	- ·2
3471·9	3472·0	- ·1
3469·6	3469·9	- ·3
3467·7	3467·9	- ·2
3465·8	3466·0	- ·2
3464·1	3464·2	- ·1
3462·5	3462·5	0
3460·9	3460·9	0
3459·4	3459·4	0
3458·2	3458·0	+ ·2
.	3456·7	.
3455·4	3455·5	+ ·1

GROUP with second differences equal to .3.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3497.2	3497.7	- .5
3488.0	3488.8	- .8
.	3480.2	.
3471.9	3471.9	0
3464.1	3463.9	+ .2
3455.4	3455.2	+ .2
3447.6	3447.8	- .2
.	3440.7	.
3433.5	3433.9	- .4
3427.7	3427.4	+ .3
3421.5	3421.2	+ .3
3415.4	3415.3	+ .1
3409.7	3409.7	0
3404.2	3404.4	- .2
3399.1	3399.4	- .3
3394.5	3394.7	- .2
3390.3	3390.3	0
3386.2	3386.2	0

GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to .2143.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3451.0	3450.8	+ .2
3447.6	3447.7	- .1
3444.7	3444.8	- .1
3442.3	3442.1	+ .2
3439.7	3439.6	+ .1
3437.4	3437.3	+ .1
3435.4	3435.3	+ .1
3433.5	3433.5	0
3431.8	3431.9	- .1

GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to .3.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3428.5	3428.8	- .3
.	3425.0	.
3421.5	3421.5	0
3418.3	3418.3	0
3415.4	3415.4	0
3412.8	3412.8	0

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GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to .3.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3394·5	3394·2	+ ·3
3390·3	3390·3	0
3386·2	3386·7	- ·5
3383·3	3383·4	- ·1
3380·2	3380·4	- ·2
3377·6	3377·7	- ·1
3375·4	3375·3	+ ·1
3373·2	3373·2	0
3371·7	3371·4	+ ·3
3370·1	3369·9	+ ·2
3368·8	3368·7	+ ·1

GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to 1·467.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3349·1	3349·0	+ ·1
3332·5	3332·8	- ·3
3318·0	3318·1	- ·1
3304·9	3304·9	0
3293·0	3293·1	- ·1
3282·9	3282·8	+ ·1
3273·7	3274·0	- ·3
3266·4	3266·6	- ·2
3260·7	3260·7	0
3256·4	3256·2	+ ·2
3253·2	3253·1	+ ·1
3252·0	3251·5	+ ·5

GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to .322.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3086·7	3086·5	+ ·2
3079·3	3080·0	- ·7
3073·8	3073·9	- ·1
3068·2	3068·1	+ ·1
3063·3	3062·6	+ ·7
3057·4	3057·4	0
3052·7	3052·6	+ ·1
3048·3	3048·1	+ ·2
3043·9	3043·9	0
3039·9	3040·0	- ·1
3036·4	3036·4	0
3033·1	3033·2	- ·1
3030·3	3030·3	0
3027·6	3027·7	- ·1
3025·2	3025·4	- ·2
3023·4	3023·4	0
3022·0	3021·8	+ ·2
3020·9	3020·5	+ ·4

GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to .783.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
2893·5	2893·6	— ·1
2882·5	2882·7	— ·2
2871·9	2872·6	— ·7
2863·3	2863·3	0
2854·9	2854·8	+ ·1
2847·4	2847·1	+ ·3
2840·1	2840·2	— ·1
2834·0	2834·0	0
2828·7	2828·6	+ ·1
2824·0	2824·0	0
2820·1	2820·2	— ·1
2817·1	2817·2	— ·1
2814·9	2815·0	— ·1
2813·5	2813·5	0

GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to .457.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3020·9	3020·6	+ ·3
.	2907·1	..
2992·9	2992·9	0
2980·2	2980·2	0
2968·0	2967·9	+ ·1
2956·3	2956·1	+ ·2
2945·2	2944·8	+ ·4
2933·5	2933·9	— ·4
2923·8	2923·5	+ ·3
2913·5	2913·5	0
2903·7	2904·0	— ·3
2894·2	2894·9	— ·7
2886·3	2886·3	0
2878·3	2878·2	+ ·1
2871·5 } 2869·5 }	2870·5	..
2863·3	2863·3	0
2857·6 } 2855·4 }	2856·5	..
2850·2	2850·2	0
2844·4	2844·3	+ ·1
2838·8	2838·9	— ·1
2834·0	2834·0	0
2829·8	2829·5	+ ·3
2825·2	2825·5	— ·3
2821·8	2821·9	— ·1
2818·7	2818·8	— ·1
2816·1	2816·1	0
2813·5	2813·9	— ·4
2812·1	2812·2	— ·1

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GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to 2·4.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3160·3	3160·5	- .2
3139·4	3139·7	- .3
3121·3	3121·3	0
3105·3	3105·3	0
3092·0	3091·7	+ .3
3081·0	3080·5	+ .5
3071·5	3071·7	- .2
3065·5	3065·3	+ .2

GROUP with second differences of wave-length equal to .522.

Observed.	Calculated.	Difference.
3005·6	3005·4	+ .2
2991·7	2991·4	+ .3
2977·8	2977·9	- .1
2965·5	2965·0	+ .5
2952·5	2952·6	- .1
2940·6	2940·7	- .1
2929·9	2929·4	+ .5
2918·5	2918·6	- .1
2908·3	2908·3	0
2898·8 } 2898·1 }	2898·5	..
2889·2	2889·2	0
2880·3	2880·4	- .1
2871·9	2872·1	- .2
2865·5 } 2863·3 }	2864·4	..
2857·6	2857·2	+ .4
2850·7	2850·5	+ .2
2844·4	2844·3	+ .1
2838·8	2838·6	+ .2
2833·3	2833·4	- .1
2828·3	2828·8	- .5
2824·8	2824·7	+ .1
2821·2	2821·1	+ .1
2818·2	2818·2	0
2815·6	2815·7	- .1
2813·5	2813·7	- .2
2812·1	2812·2	- .1
2811·2	2811·2	0

Now, considering that the dispersion employed was that of a single prism, and that many of the lines are weak and many diffuse, the difference between the observed and calculated values falls in most of the cases above given within the limits of probable error. Indeed, one cause of the difficulty of obtaining very exact measurements of some of the lines arises from the overlapping of different groups,

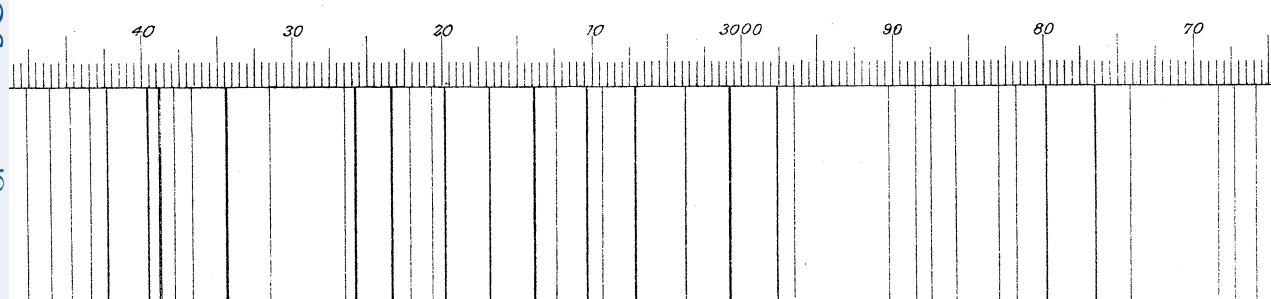
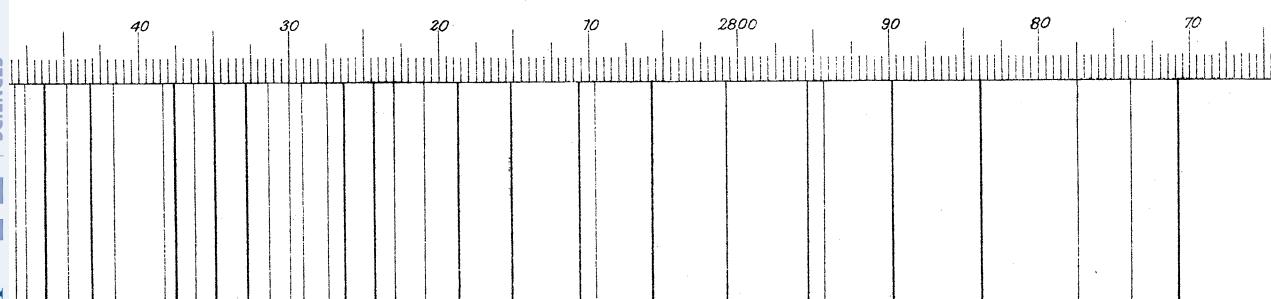
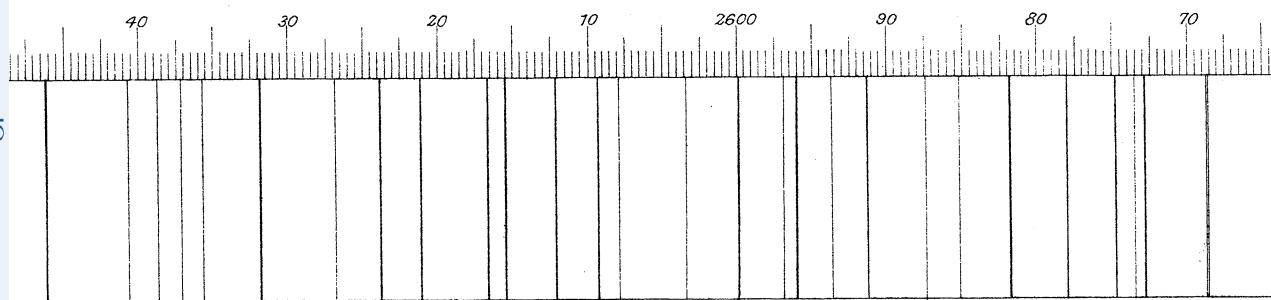
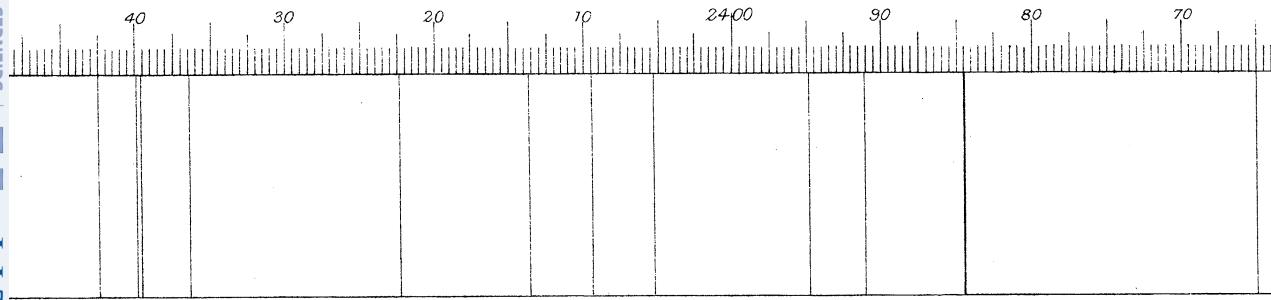
by which two or three lines fall nearly in the same place, and produce a hazy band in the photograph which cannot be resolved into its constituent lines. We think, therefore, that the groups do actually follow the law above enunciated. M. DESLANDRES has observed the same law to hold in regard to inverse wave-lengths in the lines forming the bands of nitrogen, in those of A, B, and α , and in the groups of several spectra of compound gases ; and has remarked that it is the law of sequence of the harmonics of solid rods. A. HERSCHEL and PIAZZI SMYTH had previously noticed this law in the sequence of the rays in one of the bands of the spectrum of carbonic oxide.

While the work of photographing and measuring this spectrum was in progress we received from Dr. GRÜNWALD, Professor of Mathematics in the I. R. German Technical High School at Prague, a long list of lines which he had, on theoretical grounds, predicted would be found in the spectrum of water. The interest attaching to this prediction induced us to make a more extended and complete investigation of the spectrum than we had originally intended. Many of these predicted lines, though not all of them, agree closely with lines which we have recorded in the spectrum of the oxy-hydrogen flame ; and in the weaker parts of the spectrum at either end, Dr. GRÜNWALD's list includes many of the strongest lines. His results have been (in part) published in the 'Astronomische Nachrichten.' We are not at present in a position to discuss his theory, which is a far-reaching one, and will need to be tested at many points ; but the coincidences between his predictions and the lines observed are very remarkable, and will, no doubt, attract the attention of many besides ourselves.

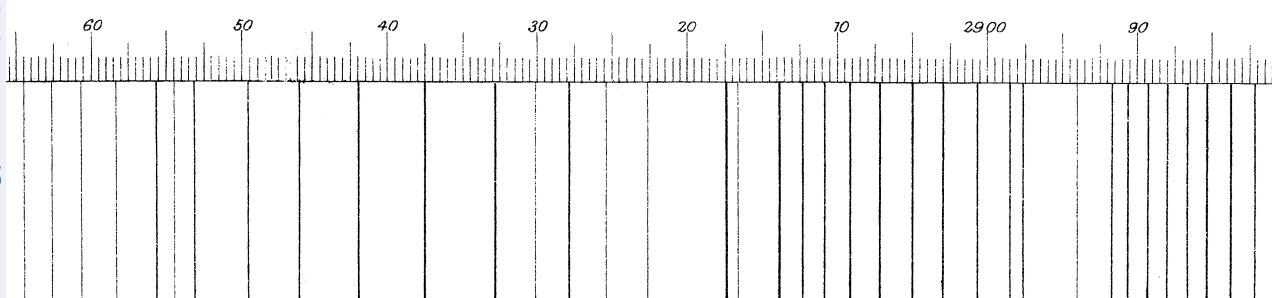
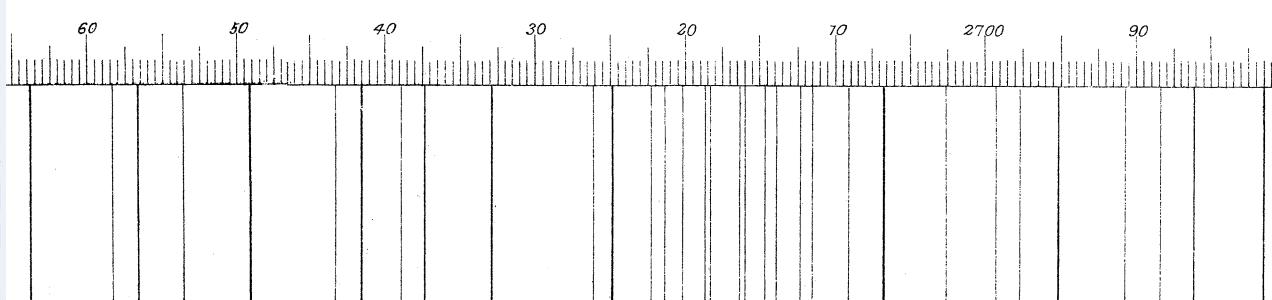
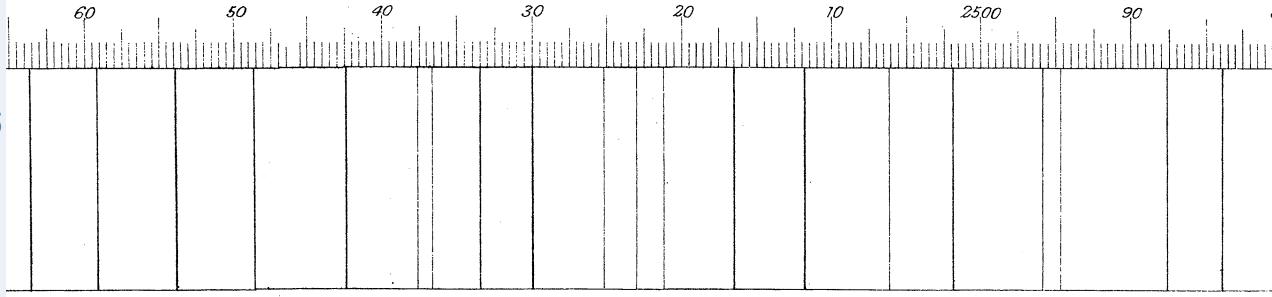
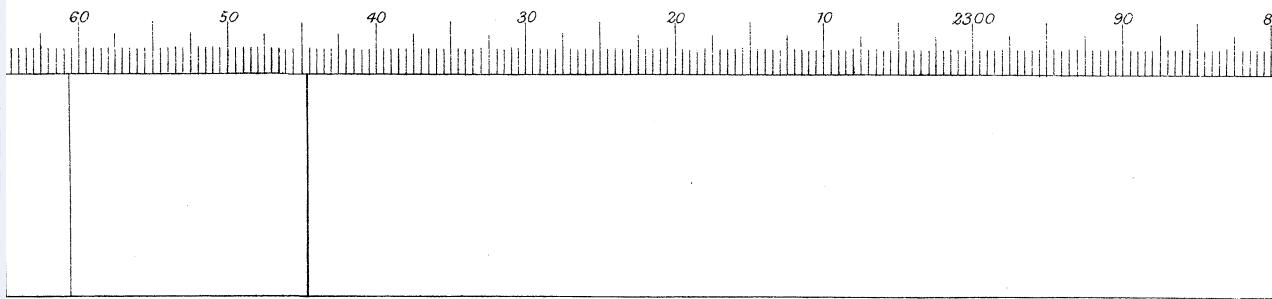
A map of the spectrum on a scale of inverse wave-lengths accompanies this Paper, and also an enlarged photograph which gives the general characters of the spectrum, though in the strongest part it has been over-exposed. The photograph includes the regions of the lines enumerated in Tables III. to VI., and greater part of VII.

eing & Dewar.

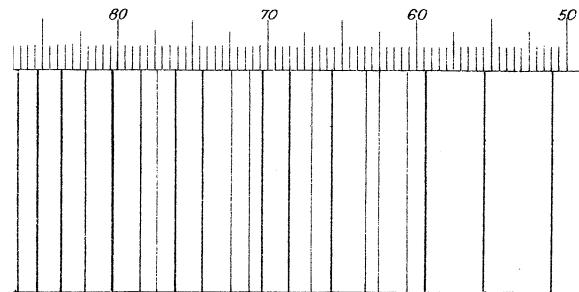
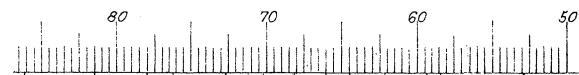
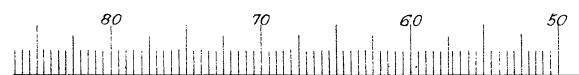
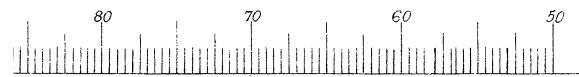
Spectr



spectrum of the Oxy-hydrogen Flame.
Scale of inverse wave lengths

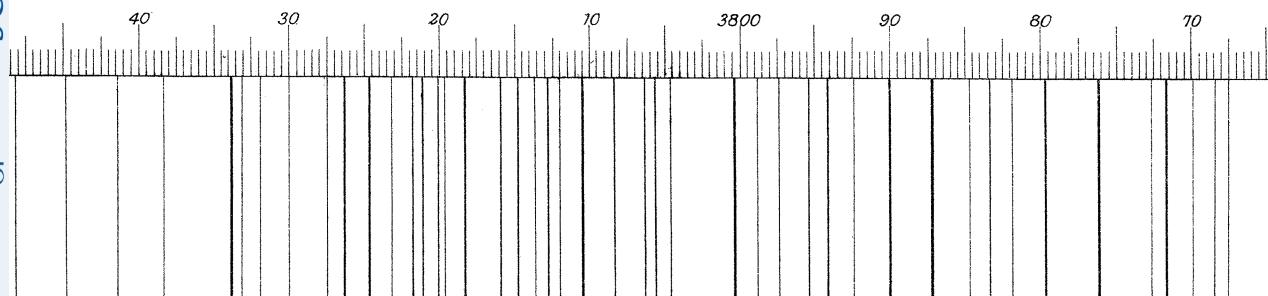
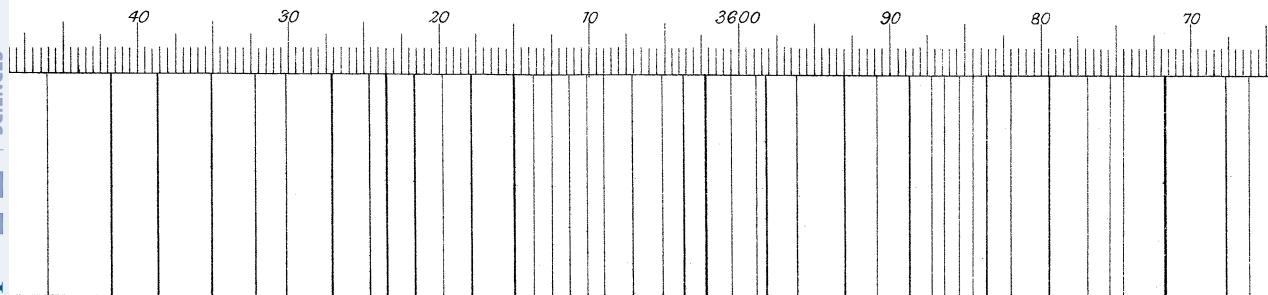
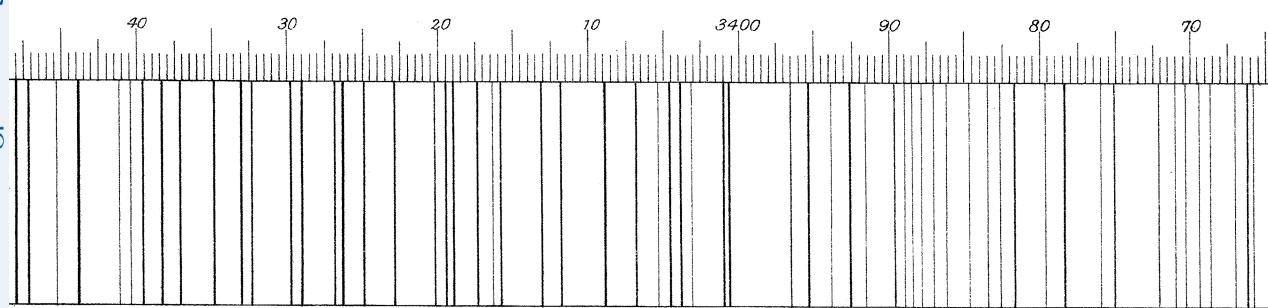
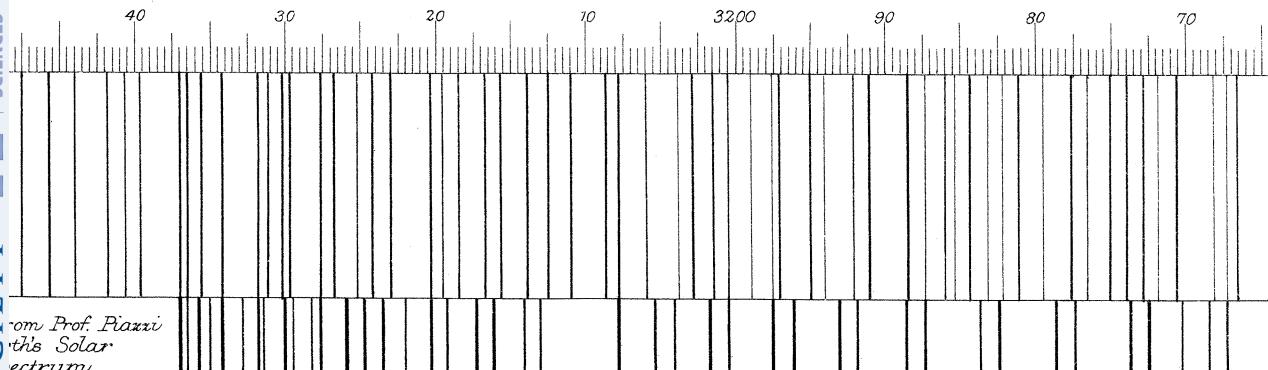


Phil. Trans. 1888. A. Plate 1.

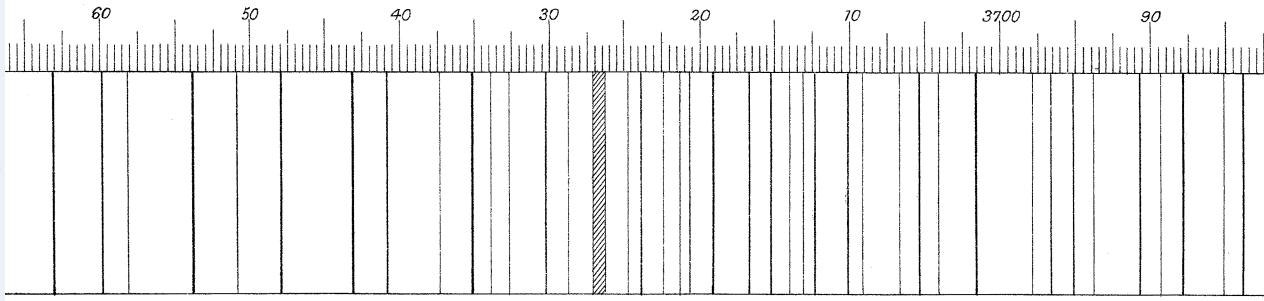
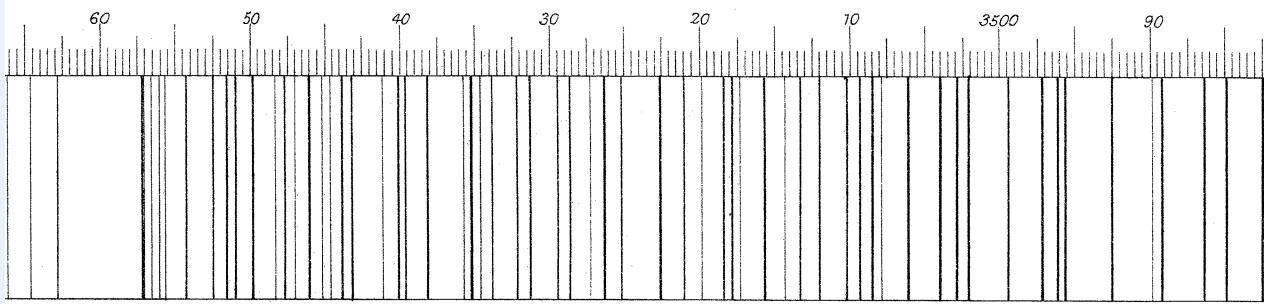
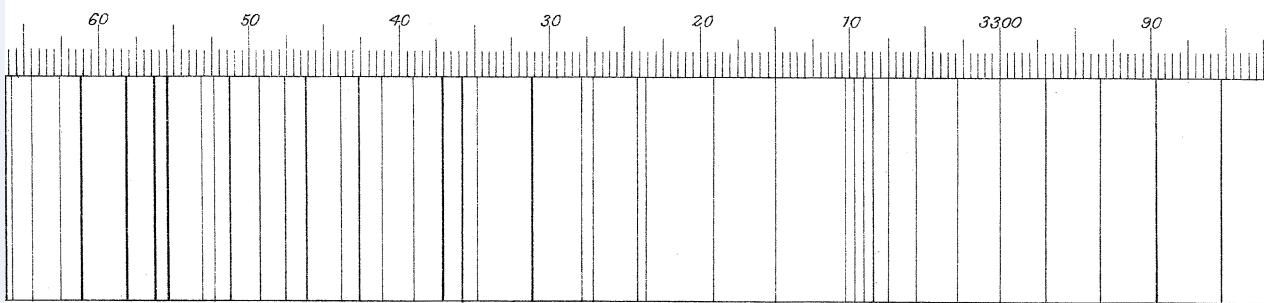
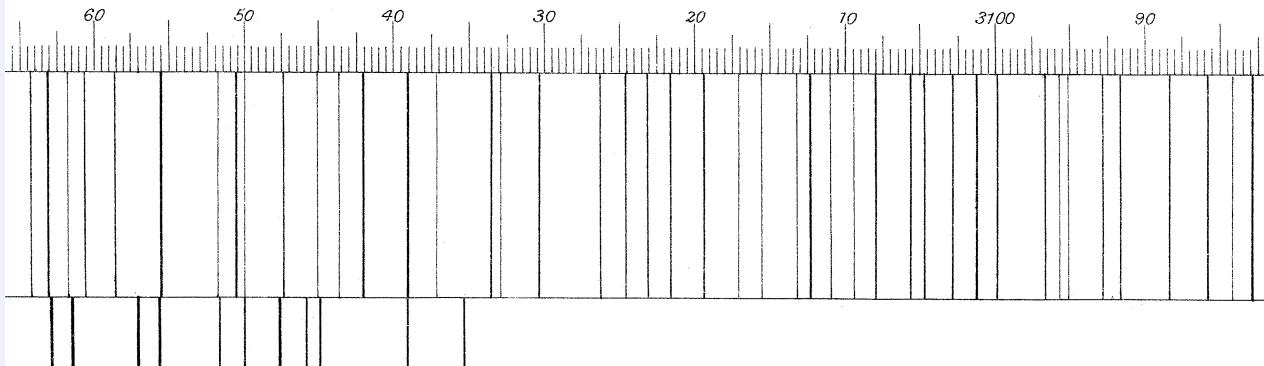


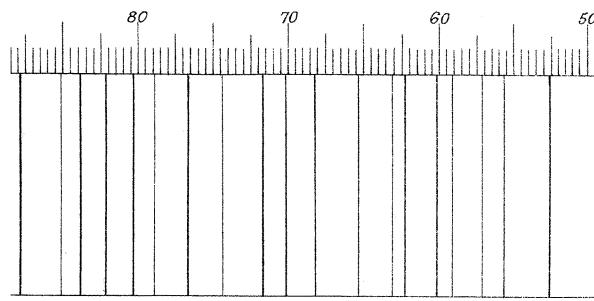
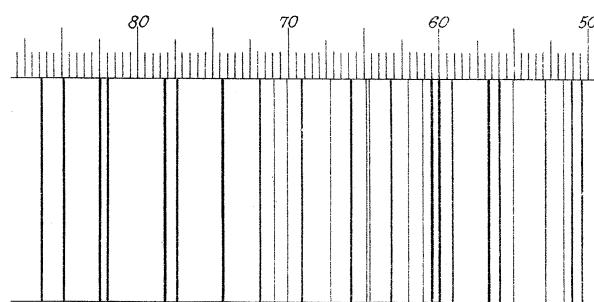
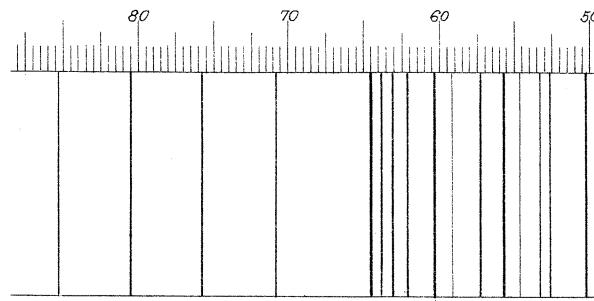
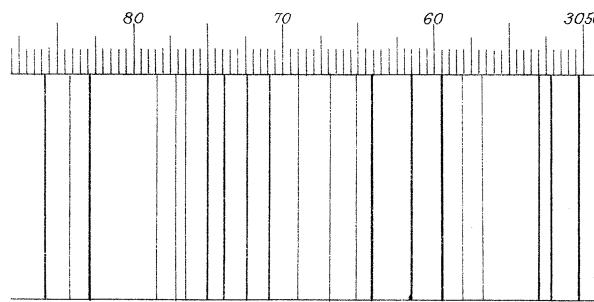
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Spect

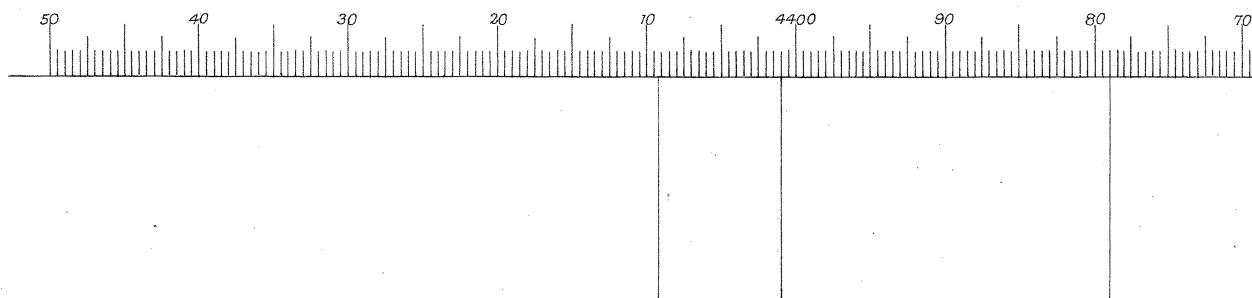
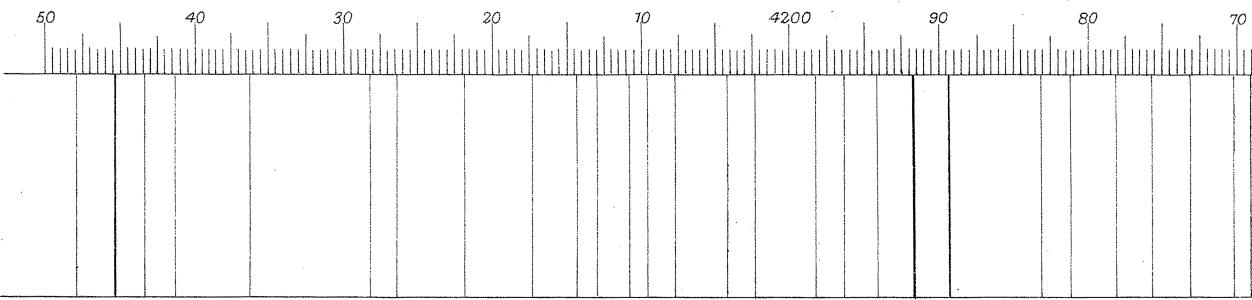
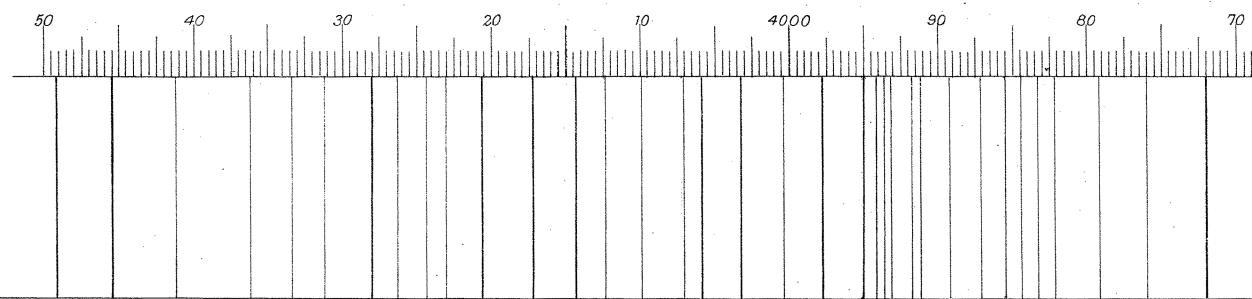


spectrum of the Oxy-hydrogen Flame
Scale of inverse wave lengths.

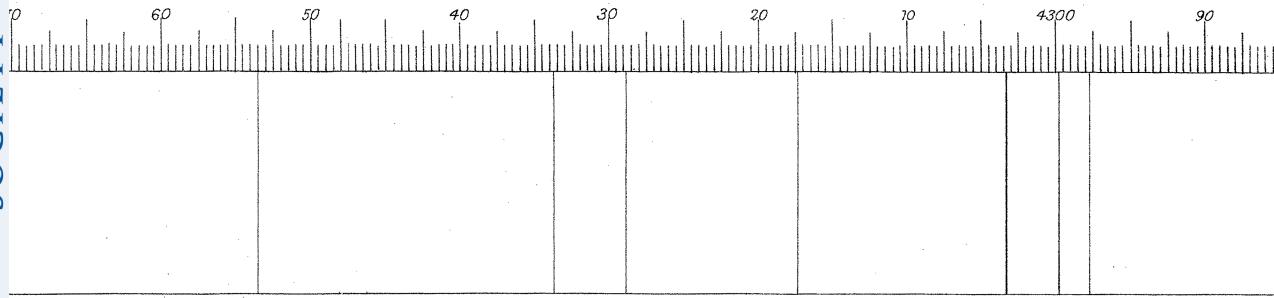
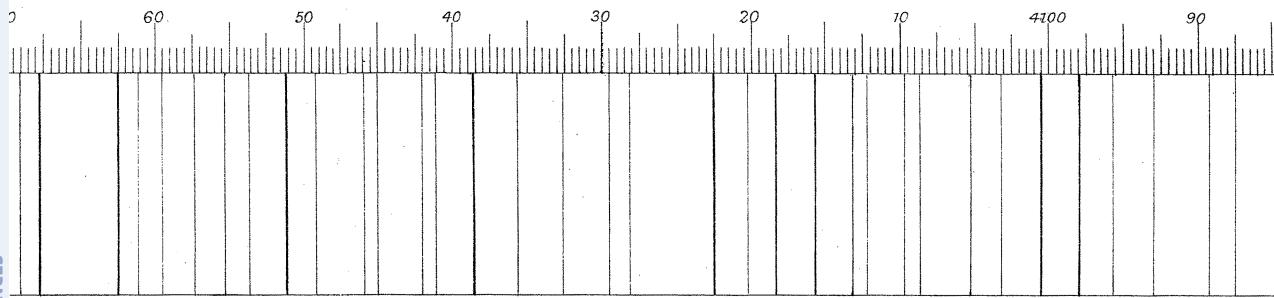
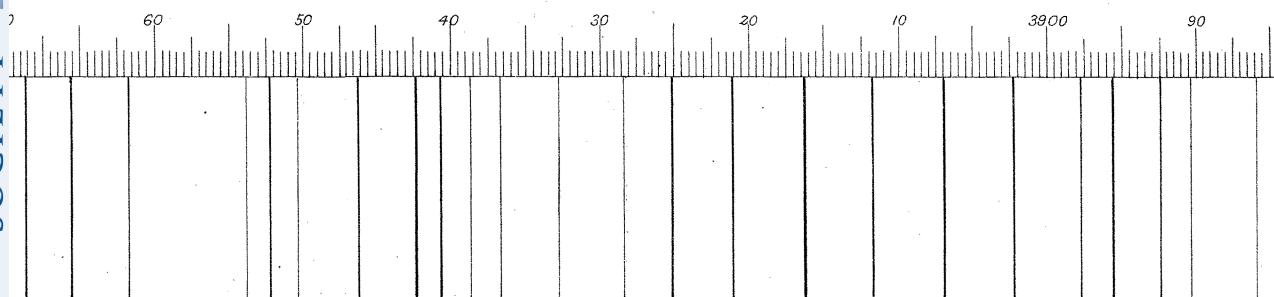




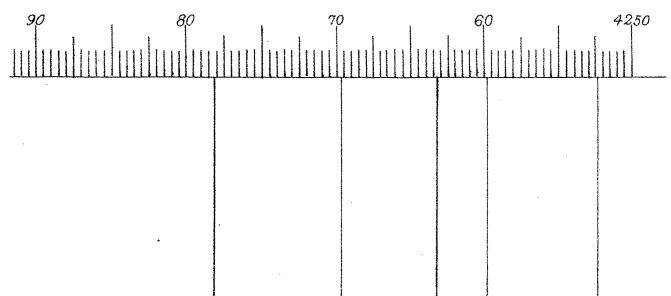
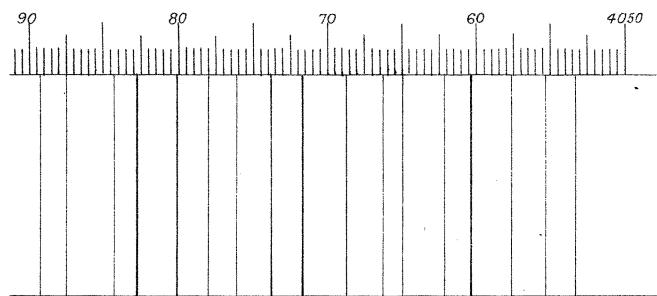
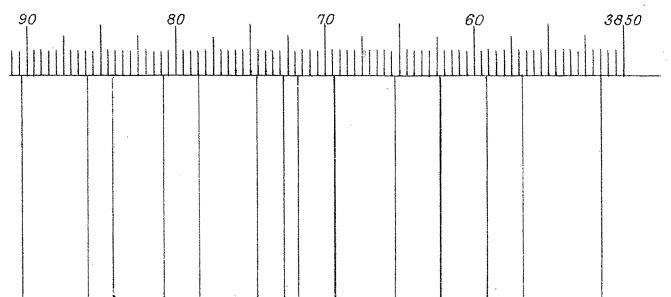
Living & Dewar.



Spectrum of the Oxy-hydrogen Flame.
Scale of inverse wave lengths.

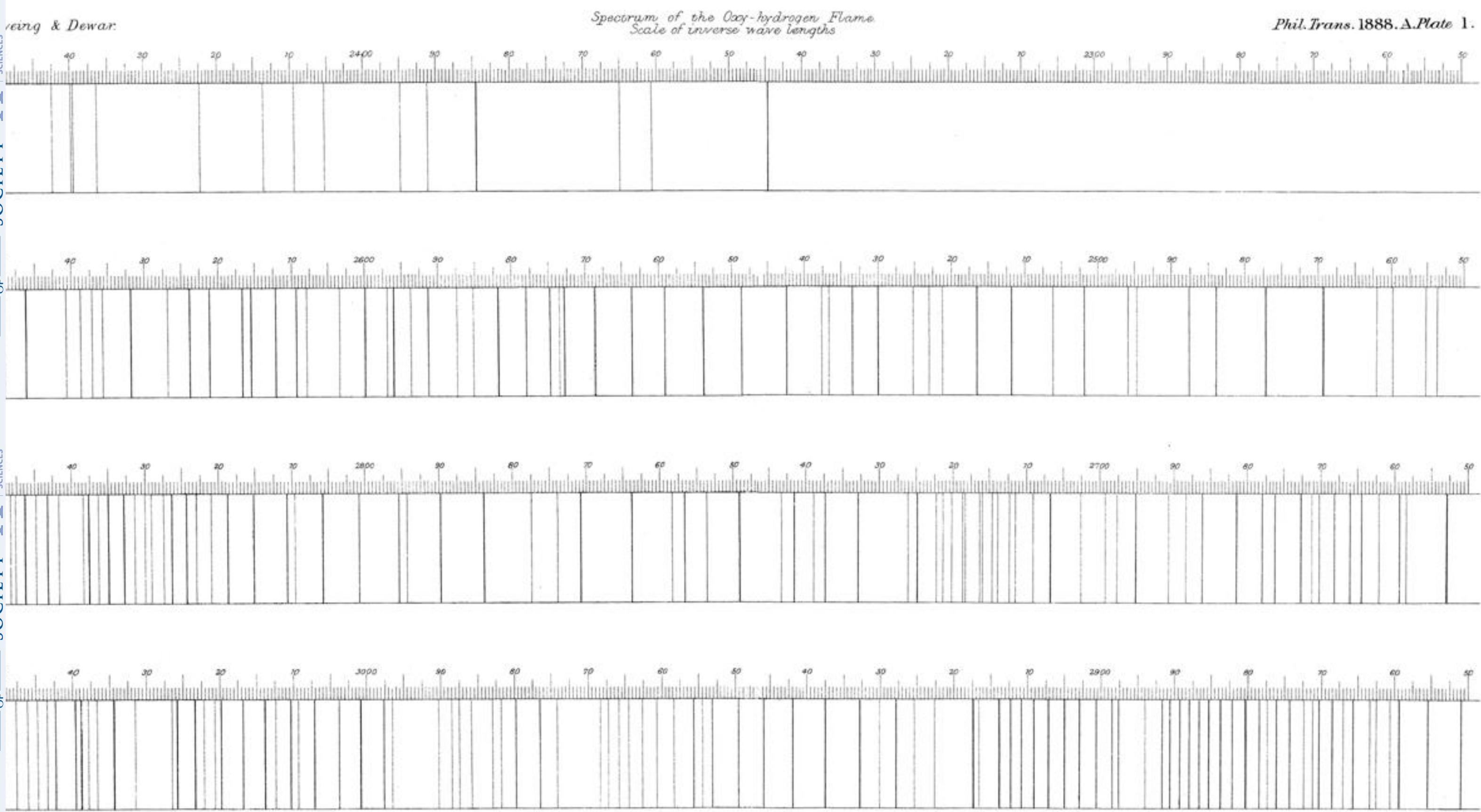


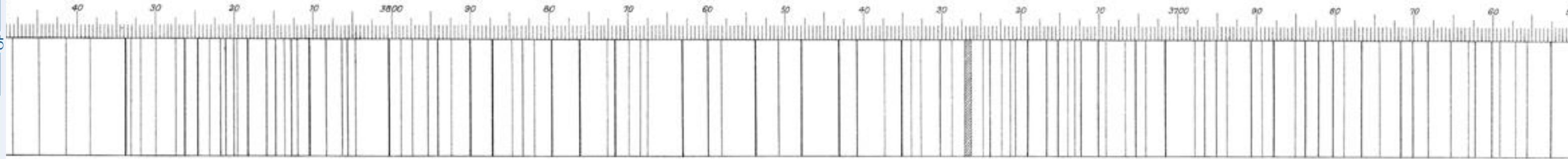
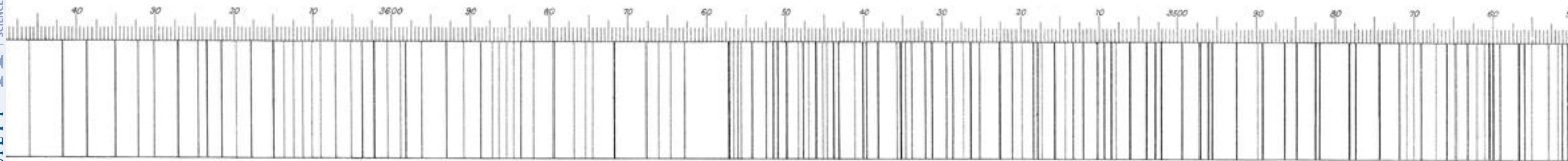
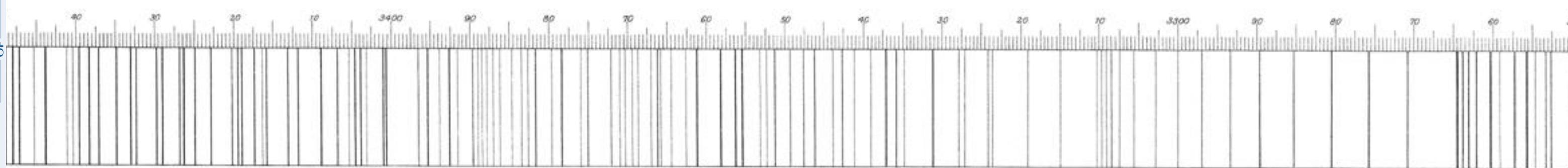
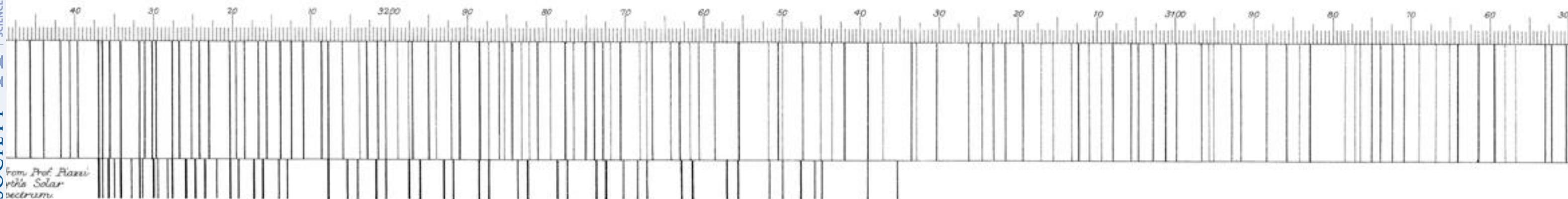
Phil. Trans. 1888. A. Plate 3.



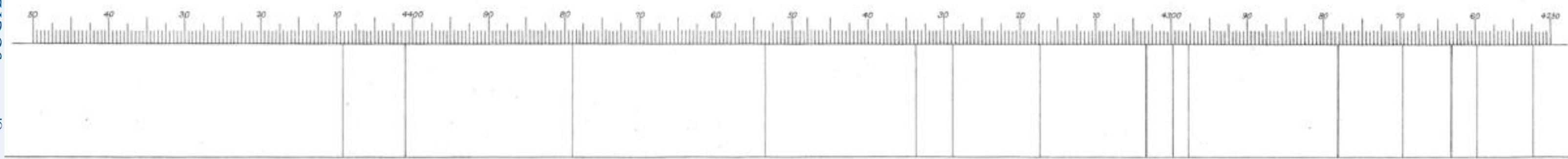
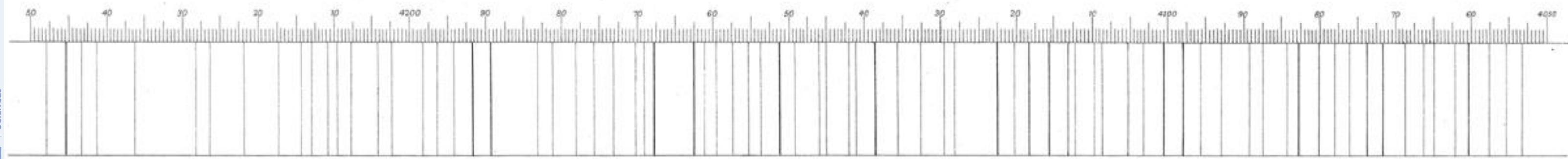
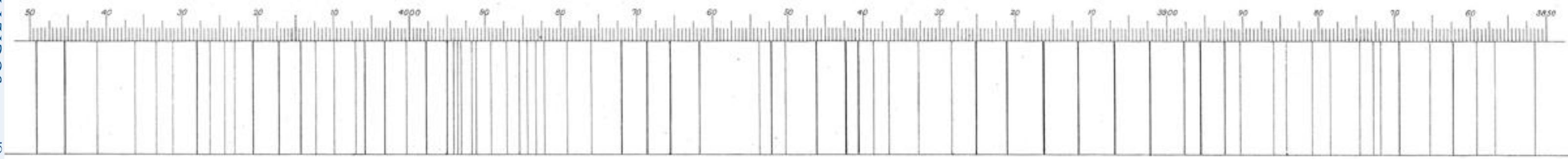
SPECTRUM OF OXYHYDROGEN FLAME.





Spectrum of the Oxy-hydrogen Flame
Scale of inverse wave lengths.

Spectrum of the Oxy-hydrogen Flame.
Scale of inverse wave lengths.



SPECTRUM OF OXYHYDROGEN FLAME.

- 2608.

- 2811.

3057.

- 3428.

- 3472.

- 3548.

- K 3933.

- 3472.

- 3000.

- 2811.